

THE ELECTION.

Our local columns contain a full report of the election held yesterday, upon the question of adopting the general incorporation law. The result, which decides the question in favor of the change proposed, ought to be satisfactory to every intelligent citizen, as it places Decatur in line with the spirit and letter of the present constitution.

The defeat of minority representation is also a result which will commend itself to a large majority of our citizens, who can see no good in the scheme that has been thoroughly tested in our state government, and without any very wholesome consequences.

Those intensely Democratic gentlemen who voted yesterday against the new charter and for minority representation are doubtless feeling to day about as they have after every general election for the past twenty years—busted all round.

We have, on an indefinite number of occasions, been constrained to allude to that peculiar tendency to tergiversation in our Democratic contemporary which prompts him to indulge in statements which are not borne out by the facts, and although caught frequently he still persists in the same baneful practice. In his paper of this morning, referring to the failure of our present legislature to pass any act restraining railroad corporations in the matter of unfair discriminations and extortionate charges, he recklessly slings in the following observation:

These corporations control the legislature as they have all of the preceding years; the day the Republican party came into power, and they will continue to control legislation until the people rise in their might and get rid of Republicans.

The force of this observation lies in the application of it to the facts in the case. The chief measure of this character before the present legislature is what is known as the anti pooling bill. This bill has been vigorously supported by Representatives Rogers and Livingston, the Republican members from this district, both of whom have made speeches in its favor, while the Democratic member, Mr. Purfer, has been one of the leading spirits in the ranks of those who have fought the bill, and thus far prevented its passage.

Governor Hamilton, of Maryland, has written a letter to a friend, in which he exposes the extravagance and waste resulting from the loose system in that state. He says that there are 111 members of the legislature and that they had 105 officers, employees, etc. The salaries, mileage and stationery of the members cost \$57,707 for the session, while the same items for the officers and employees cost \$59,276. The cost of printing, etc. last year was \$75,000, which is \$10,000 more than should have been paid. The printing for three years has cost \$260,000.

And yet, Maryland is one of the most reliably Democratic states in the union, never having been under Republican rule.

CHIEF JUSTICE SHANNON, of Dakota, furnishing interesting details of the condition of affairs in the embargoed district in that region, and receives General Sheridan's appeal for relief. About \$75,000 or \$100,000 will be required to aid the sufferers.

The village of Mansfield, Meigs county, has recovered a judgment of \$600 against the Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western railroad for letting their trains stand on street crossings.

It is stated that Mr. Windom is developing a line of policy of his own. Mr. Windom proposes a measure which will be at once one of resumption and contraction—viz the withdrawal of all the legal tender notes from circulation of the denomination of ones, twos, and fives. This will decrease the greenback currency nearly \$111,000,000, and would undoubtedly have the effect of drawing nearly, if not quite, all the silver coin into much more general use. Should this be continued, as proposed, up to and including the currency, \$147,000,000 additional will disappear in the same manner. Such a radical course, however, depends on so many conditions for its successful operation that it will probably wait till the maturing debt question is well out of the way.

Gold and Silver Tringles, Spangles, Gimp, Lace, Stars, Fringes, Braids and Buttons, at LINN & SCRUGGS, Dec 20-d&wtf

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AND PUBLIC EDUCATION.

The Republican party has no prouder record than that it has always been the friend and promoter of public education. Always devoted to progress and the amelioration of the human race, it has been consequently so anxious to provide the children of the Republic with every facility for instruction, rightly holding that the safety and perpetuity of free institutions rest on the intelligence and education of the people. It has labored to secure equal educational advantages for rich and poor, and for every race and color, and its success in this respect is one of its greatest achievements, and will furnish one of its strongest claims on the gratitude of future generations. The Republican party has been singularly unanimous in supporting its leaders in their efforts to further the cause of education and to defend it against the assaults of its enemies. Who ever heard of a Republican who was opposed to the cause of popular education? On the other hand while many Democrats are warm and enthusiastic friends of the public schools it is also true that all the enemies of the system are found in the ranks of the Democracy. It is for this reason that even the Democratic friends of popular education have more confidence in the Republican than in their own party when the interests of the public schools are in any way at stake. It is an undisputed fact that the great mass of the people are in favor of popular education and it is a compliment to the Republican party that the friends of the common schools trust it rather than the Democracy in all cases where the cause of public education is affected.

The arrival of emigrants at New York this year is fully as large as for the corresponding time last year, while their financial and social condition is said to be much higher. A single German banking house of that city cashed drafts for the arrivals of the three last steamships, aggregating \$100,000 and one average passenger from France had 50,000 francs in gold strapped on him.

The fine portrait of Mrs. Hayes, purchased for the White House by the temperance people of the country, is now in position in the East Room near the portrait of Martha Washington. Under Mrs. Hayes' portrait is the following note: "The frame for this portrait will soon be completed from drawings by Ben Putnam of the School of Design at Cincinnati. It will be the gift of Cincinnati ladies, and the finest frame ever carved in America."

In the election of sachems for the ensuing year, last night in the New York Tammany Society, John Kelly's candidates received majorities of from 40 to 80. This will enable the "Boss" to maintain his ascendancy in Tammany Hall for this year at least.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, the aged and dried-up Georgia Congressman, prides himself on always keeping promises strictly, and says he broke but two in his life. "As you are such a flirt," merrily suggested the lady to whom he was speaking, "I suppose at least one was a promise of marriage." "By no means," was the reply, "I'd never break such a promise as that, nor did I ever make one. I've been flirting all my life, but have always been careful not to make any promises. The only two promises I ever broke were engagements to make speeches at two different places in Georgia in 1848. When I was on the way to keep the appointments I had my memorable encounter with Lone, and was so cut and bruised that I could not make the promised speeches."

GEN B. P. BUTLER, owner and commander of the yacht America, has returned with his vessel from his trip to the West Indies. He was interviewed and said that "a very noticeable thing in Cuba was the decadence of sugar planting. They have an army of some 20,000 odd men there, to be supported by Cuba, and they have enormous taxation to meet. They import all their beef from South America, and all they depend upon to pay their way is their tobacco and sugar, and they can't carry their burden. There is no likelihood of another war of independence for a long time to come. They are thoroughly whipped out."

Mrs. THURGOOD PARKER, who died in Boston, Saturday evening, was a most lovely and lovable woman. Her life was so completely identified with her husband's that the Boston Advertiser says it could scarcely be regarded as a separate existence. She was an excellent housekeeper, giving more attention to her domestic matters than to her husband's intellectual labors, although she acted upon occasions as his copyist. After his death she kept his study as nearly as possible in the same condition as when he left it. His pen lies on the table where he last laid it down, and his inkstand occupies the position in which he placed it.

On Tuesday evening, April 20th, Rev. T. T. Kendrick will deliver a lecture at the opera house on "Courtship and Marriage." There will also be a concert consisting of solos, quartettes and Professor Goodman's orchestra. Proceeds for the benefit of the city mission choir.

A meeting of the High School Alumni will be held in the high school hall next Saturday evening, April 23, to select officers for the ensuing year, and transact other important business.

V. N. HOSKATLIF, Pres't. NEMER PRATT, Sec.

How a Rebel Major Got His Pardon.

Major Drewry went to Washington, and, without the usual ceremony of sending in his name, lest he should be refused an interview, made his way into the presence of Secretary Stanton. "Mr. Secretary," said he, "I want my pardon as soon as possible; I've fought against you as long as I could, and I've been whipped; and now I want to go home and go to work. I've got hundreds of acres of land that have been lying fallow for the last four years, and I want to get seed into every inch of it this spring, so I'll thank you to give me my pardon and let me go." He talked so fast that Mr. Stanton couldn't get in a word; but being amused and rather pleased by Major Drewry's bluff manner, he asked at last, "On what ground do you expect to get a pardon, sir?" "On the ground, sir, that I have showed you how to build a navy. You sent your fleet of old wooden ships up to Drewry's bluff, and we knocked 'em all to pieces and showed you, sir, that wooden ships weren't worth a d—." And then you went to work and got together a navy that was worth something, and it's on the ground that my men proved your needs to you that I want a pardon." The secretary laughed, and told the honest rebel to call next day, as he would like to talk further with him. Next day Major Drewry got his pardon, and in return gave Mr. Stanton a great deal of valuable information concerning the south and its prospects. He went back to his pleasant home on the James, and has ever since been a wise, enterprising, prosperous citizen.

The Revised New Testament.

Specimen pages of the revised New Testament show that it is printed in various but, like any other book, paragraphs occurring only where a change of subject requires them to facilitate reference, the numbers of the verses and of the chapters being distinguished by larger and blacker type. This will be a novelty, perhaps an unpleasant one, to many devout readers of the Scriptures, yet both chapter and verse are comparatively new innovations. Another change and a good one is the printing of quotations from the Psalms as poetry and not as prose. The entire New Testament will be in the hands of the public about the middle of May, and everyone will have an opportunity of judging for himself, as one edition will be sold as low as fifteen cents.

Salvini.

Salvini's tour in this country has been unprofitable to the Boston manager, Stetson, because the tragedian refused to appear more than four evenings a week, and did not draw as heavily as had been expected. He was almost equal to a grand opera prima donna, too, in his extempores. Lastly Stetson made an engagement with Anna Dickinson to appear as Claude Melnotte on the off nights, hoping thus to make a profitable use of the supporting company. When he received by telegraph the news that Miss Dickinson had decided not to act as agreed next Tuesday in Philadelphia, he took to his bed, and is now seriously ill. It isn't the loss of money that he minds, for he is wealthy, but he says he is too mad to sit up.

A SIAMSE delegation has arrived at London with a cart-load of the most costly presents for Queen Victoria. The chief d'oeuvre of the collection is a golden spittoon. Among the Siamese the spittoon is a piece of furniture of the highest importance. The place of honor in every well regulated Siamese household is assigned to it. If a Siamese welcomes a friend to his home, he does not spit in the cuspidore, but in the friend's face, which means the same as a kiss or a squeeze of the hand. His Siamese Majesty would also gladly have conferred the insignia of the order of the White Elephant upon her British Majesty, but the laws governing that order stipulate that the recipient must have caught or killed a lion, or a tiger, or a leopard, or a rhinoceros, to be worthy of such distinction. Her British majesty not having caught any of the above-named wild beasts, but simply caught a Tartar, when she attacked the Boers, the insignia of the order of the White Elephant will not decorate the broad bust of the Empress of the Indies.

Edison is coming to the front again. The New York Sun thus describes the illumination of the stockholders' office: "The large building, formerly a private residence, on the northeast corner of Fifth avenue and Fourteenth street, was illuminated last evening with from fifty to sixty Edison lights."

The incandescent loops of charred bamboo glowed steadily and pleasantly to the eye, in their air-tight glass globes. The loops are not shaped like horse-shoes, as were those made of charred briar wood with which he formerly lighted Menlo park. They are a little over two inches long and shaped like a capital U. The charred bamboo was a mere thread.

"When all the lights in a large upper back parlor were turned out, except one, the paragraphs in the 'Sanbeaux' column of the Sun could be read easily. A throng of invited guests passed from room to room. The building is occupied by the offices of the company, and Mr. Edison personally did the honors of the evening. In the cellar a ten-horse power single piston engine ground out the electricity."

MILLINERY GOODS, fresh and new, at Miss Emma Williams, south side of Prairie street, second door from Water. Also a full line of Hair Goods always on hand. March 22-d&wtm

TELEGRAPHIC DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Burning of the Southern Illinois Insane Asylum.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

ANNA, ILL., April 19.—Shortly before midnight, Tuesday, fire broke out in bathroom B in the extreme north wing of the Southern Illinois Insane Asylum located at this place. The origin of the conflagration cannot be accounted for, as the room in which it started had been painted anew the day previous and was empty. The flames quickly spread over the entire north and east wings by reason of a mansard roof which neutralized the efforts of the firemen to stay the progress of the devouring element.

There were 225 patients in the portion of the building that was destroyed, and all are supposed to have made their exit in safety, except one Perkio, who is thought to have been cremated. Another patient, who had fallen upon the floor in a faint, was rescued with the utmost difficulty by the heroic exertions of Mr. Vincent Grace. When the roll was called fourteen patients, exclusive of Perkio, were found to be missing, but it is thought all were at large somewhere in the vicinity. Subsequently country people arrived with stragglers at intervals, and all will undoubtedly be accounted for ultimately. The entire north and east wings of the structure are in ruins, and the centre portion of the main building is badly damaged by water and smoke.

The loss is estimated at between \$100,000 and \$150,000. The institution contained five hundred odd inmates, and about 100 attendants and officers. Dr. Wardner, the Superintendent, was in Chicago, the institution at the time being in charge of Drs. Heister and Stocking and Chief Engineer Fulton. Too much credit cannot be given these gentlemen, and Messrs. Deitrich, Grace, Butler, Hall, Ward, Stinson, Smart, Finch, and a host of others, for the energy they displayed in preventing confusion and consequent loss of life. The flames were fought until 5 o'clock this morning before the mastery was obtained. As soon as it was seen that the conflagration would prove extensive, Cairo was telegraphed to for aid, and a delegation with apparatus arrived from that city on a special train at 4 o'clock, subsequently rendering invaluable service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—Representative Jorgensen, of Virginia, is out in a card protesting against an amalgamation of the Republicans of Virginia and the Mahone party. He says he thinks such a course would be suicidal to the party in the State, and he intimates quite broadly that he will not support any such ticket if placed in nomination. Jorgensen has been trying to control the Federal offices in Virginia, and has been for some time very much disgruntled because President Garfield indicated that he believed the Republicans should aid the Readjusters in defeating the Bourbon State ticket at the approaching election.

The deadlock still continues in the Senate, with no change in the situation. The Democrats are trying privately to get some Republicans to bolt and name some Union General for Sergeant-at-Arms, in which event they will agree to support him, and thus defeat Riddleberger. They have not been successful, but the fact that they are willing to make such a bargain shows conclusively that they are not of one mind, and determined to stick to the present officers.

A large number of maturing 6 per cent bonds have been received at the Treasury during the past two days, to be extended at 3 1/2 per cent interest.

TUCSON, ARIZ., April 19.—Persons just arrived from El Paso express the opinion that the object of the Mexican authorities in sending troops there is to check the ruffianly elements gathered there as accomplices of the railroad construction, and not to oppose the building of the road, and that it would be proper for the United States to take similar measures to preserve order.

UTICA, WIS., April 19.—The snow is still six feet deep in places in the middle of roads in this region, and will average one foot all over the country. The thaw has begun, and the snow is going off slowly. There is little damage as yet from floods, and little to be apprehended.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Mrs. Garfield held an informal reception in the parlor of her hotel to day, which was attended by a number of distinguished people.

We keep everything in our line; low shoes, high shoes, big shoes, little shoes, broad shoes, narrow shoes, fine shoes or coarse shoes, and if you want any other kind of a shoe we will order it for you. We aim to please. Call and see us. d&wtf BARBER & BAKER.

DUNN'S CATARRH SNUFF cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane. 2

HARTFORD and Lowell carpets in new styles and beautiful colorings, just received by Linn & Scruggs. March 26-d&wtf.

A LARGE lot of Haseocks and Ottomans will be closed out on our cheap counter at greatly reduced prices. Jan. 6-d&wtf Linn & Scruggs.

If you want good bread buy at Milam's bakery. 24-dif

A QUESTION has been raised of late as to Thomas Jefferson's views. There need be no question, for he has settled it himself. He was an infidel, or, as he chose to term it, a materialist. By his own account he was as heterodox as Col. Ingersoll is, and in some respects even more so. In Jefferson's works, Vol. IV, page 320, will be found a letter which he wrote to William Short in 1820, and from which the following is an extract: "But while this syllabus is meant to place the character of Jesus in its true light, as no impostor Himself but as a great reformer of the Hebrew code of religion, it is not to be understood that I am with Him in all His doctrines. I am a materialist; He takes the side of spiritualism; he preaches the efficacy of repentance towards the forgiveness of sin; I require a counterpoise of good works to redeem it, etc. Among the sayings and discourses imputed to Him by His biographers, I find many passages of fine imagination, correct morality, and of the most lovely benevolence; and others, again, of so much ignorance, so much absurdity, so much untruth, charlatanry and imposture, as to pronounce it impossible that such contradictions should have proceeded from the same Being. I separate, therefore, the gold from the dross, restore to Him the former, and leave the latter to the stupidity of some and the roguery of others of His disciples."

An Apostate Congressman's Lot.

Mr. Ransier, who served as Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina, and subsequently represented the State in Congress, is now working in Charleston as a common laborer on the streets. Saturday the force of hands with which he is employed were employed in extending Bay street. While busily engaged in handling his pick an incident occurred which must have vividly reminded the statesman of the wonderful changes fortune sometimes works in one's temporal affairs. A garbage cart backed up where ex-Lieutenant Governor Ransier was at work and dumped a load of dirt on the streets. Among the rubbish was a copy of the Congressional Record containing a speech made by himself on the civil rights bill while a member of Congress. Ransier, after being defeated for every office in the Republican party for which he came up, from Lieutenant Governorship to that of contractor for chimney sweepings in the city of Charleston, threw his fortunes in with the Democratic party, and supported "Hampton and the Home Rule ticket" in 1876. He has now been appointed by the Democratic administration of Charleston to the position of common laborer upon the public streets, and daily may be seen plying that humble vocation.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHAPARRANDS. IS HEGEMAN'S CAMPHOR ICE. It should be rubbed upon the part affected. The warmth of the skin will soften it sufficiently, under ordinary circumstances, but in extreme cold weather it may be necessary to warm it by the fire. If the hands are badly chapped, apply every night, and protect the hands by wearing an old pair of kid gloves. Hegeman's is the best and most popular of all the Camphor Ices made. HEGEMAN'S CAMPHOR ICE is also a cure for sore lips, chapped face, and sunburn. It is compounded with glycerine, which renders it more emollient than any other Camphor Ice, and it will be found a most soothing application to the face after shaving.

Be sure to ask for HEGEMAN'S Camphor Ice, made by Hegeman & Co., New York, and now made by the Metropolitan Med. Co. of New Haven, Conn., and do not be put off with any other compound, which may become rancid and do you more harm than good. HEGEMAN'S CAMPHOR ICE never fails.

Mrs. Grindol, at her boarding house No. 11 West Main street, can furnish boarding and rooms by the day or week for a few more boarders. Fine food, and prices very reasonable. March 5-dif

LADIES!

Ladies having handsome dresses to make would do well to give Mrs. Grindol a call, as she comes among the people of Decatur well recommended, and having an experience of 10 years in her line of business, can guarantee satisfaction both in work, fitting and finishing. Over E. L. Hays & Co's. (March 2-dif)

GRAND FAIR AND FESTIVAL

The attention of the public is respectfully directed to the fact that the ladies of the

ST. JAMES CATHOLIC CHURCH WILL GIVE A FESTIVAL.

which will certainly satisfy the expectations of the most fastidious. The Tabernacle will be decorated in a suitable manner on the occasion. The tables will be laden with the choicest articles that can be procured, and guests partaking thereof will be waited upon with the most attention. A substantial Dinner will be served from 12 to 2 p. m. Also Supper in the Evening, and other refreshments, such as ICE CREAM, OYSTERS, LEMONADE, CAKES, etc., at all hours. Particular attention will be given to the Fancy Table and Flower Stand, on which will be displayed some novel articles.

PROF. WILHELMY'S CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA

will thrill the hearts of all present. Summa laudamus. A great time for everybody. The time for this grand affair is set on the

19, 20 & 21 of APRIL. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Admission, 10 Cents. April 13, 1881-dif

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of one execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Macon county, Illinois, in favor of Elizabeth Springer and against Jacob Springer, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: The east quarter of the south-west quarter of section seven (7) and all of the north half of lot one (1) of the northwest quarter of section eighteen (18) except sixteen acres off of the north end—all of the above land being in township sixteen (16) north, range three (3) east of the third principal meridian, Macon county, Illinois. Taken as property of the said Jacob Springer, which I shall offer at public sale at the west door of the court house in Decatur, in Macon county, in said State, on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1881, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution. This 20th day of April, A. D. 1881.

WM. W. POSTER, Sheriff of Macon county, Illinois. Jno. A. Brown, Attorney for Plaintiff, April 21-dif

NOW OPEN!

One of the handsomest stocks of Goods we have ever shown. All bought since the great

BREAK IN PRICES in New York,

Enabling us to show you goods at less prices than early purchasers paid for them.

Our Embroideries at 25 cents are as good as you have ever seen at 40 cents. Our stock of Laces is elegant; all the new styles and patterns and at exceedingly low prices. We show a beautiful line of real Thread and Duchesse at lower prices than any city will show them.

Our Stock of "Hays" Kid Gloves contains all the new shades. We also show the Imperial Kids, all colors, with 5 hooks. Our 16-cent all-wool Bunting is the same that sold last year at 25 cents, and the best goods we sell at 25 cents.

Our Black Brocade Silks at 65 and 75 cents and \$1.00 are beautiful and as good as we have ever shown at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

We have a handsome line of Dress Silks, all colors, at \$1.00, with Brocade to match; also plain and plaid Satins, plaid Surahs, and new styles Summer Silks, at 50 cents and up. Our stock of Black Silks, commencing at 50 cents, contains some of the best makes and at the lowest prices.

We also carry handsome Black Surahs, Marvalieux and Satin de Lyon.

Our stock of Girls' and Ladies' Hosiery and Gloves is very complete with new styles, including Black Silk and Black Lisle Thread Hose for ladies. We have pretty Ruchings, Collars, Cuffs, Ladies' Ties and a full line of Ribbons, gros grain, satin and fancies.

We show the best Corsets in the city for the prices, and full lines of Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.

See our Gents' Improved Unlaunched Shirt at \$1.00.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

April 13-d&wtf

NEVER BUY ANYTHING

JEWELRY LINE

Until you see what we can do for you.

WE WILL MAKE IT PAY YOU.

OTTO E. CURTIS & CO.,

Decatur's Leading Jewelers.

April 12, 1881-d&wtf

BABY BUGGIES!

Children's Carriages! Sleeping Coaches!

NEW PATTERN

ALL TO SELECT FROM

GOOD GOODS, AT VERY LOW PRICES.

VAPOR

STOVES!

ECONOMICAL

COOKING STOVE.

DAILY USE.

THAT SAVED KNOW IN

FURNITURE, STOVES, BEDS,

BED ROOM OUTFITS!

DINING ROOM OUTFITS!

KITCHEN OUTFITS!

In fact, almost everything you want for Housekeeping, all at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, at

LITTLE'S MAMMOTH STORES,

COURT HOUSE BLOCK.

March 22-d&wtf

March 22-d&wtf

March 22-d&wtf

March 22-d&wtf

March 22-d&wtf

March 22-d&wtf

THE CHAPTER ELECTION.

The Proposition to Organize the City Under the General Law Carried by a Majority of 78.

ELECTIONS ELSEWHERE.

The election held in Decatur yesterday for the purpose of voting upon the question of incorporating the city under the general state law, passed by the general assembly in 1872, resulted in the casting of 76 votes in favor of the proposition. The notice of the election was published and provided by law, over the official signatures of Mayor Waggoner and Register Hardy, and the matter was pretty generally discussed.

THE VOTE.

The following is the vote cast in each of the five wards:

FIRST WARD.
For the new charter..... 126
Against "..... 86
Against minority representation..... 148
For "..... 42

SECOND WARD.
For the new charter..... 101
Against "..... 60
Against minority representation..... 103
For "..... 43

THIRD WARD.
For the new charter..... 138
Against "..... 79
Against minority representation..... 126
For "..... 79

FOURTH WARD.
For the new charter..... 105
Against "..... 73
Against minority representation..... 154
For "..... 21

FIFTH WARD.
For the new charter..... 59
Against "..... 28
Against minority representation..... 61
For "..... 29

THE MAJORITIES.

Whole number of votes cast for the new charter..... 465
Against new charter..... 389

Majority for new charter..... 76

Whole number of votes cast against minority representation..... 591
For minority representation..... 220

Majority against..... 371

The whole number of votes cast in all five wards was 838, representing about one-half of the voting population of Decatur, as shown by the election held in March last.

On two former occasions have the electors of Decatur been called upon to vote on the question of incorporating the city under the general law, but each time the proposition was defeated, the first time in 1874. On December 8, 1879, a vote was taken on the question when 908 ballots were cast. The result then was 747 votes against the charter, and 161 for it—majority against the proposition of 586. At the same time there were 578 against minority representation, and only 84 in favor of it.

Recent Done Anti-License.

The annual city election, held at Marion, in this county, on Tuesday, was warmly contested by the friends and opponents of the license question. The anti-license ticket was elected by the majorities ranging from 30 to 40, as follows:

Mayor—Wm. Brooks.
Aldermen—John Burg, Jas. L. Hight and Michael Giblin.
City Clerk—Wm. H. Sowell.
Treasurer—Antoin Beschel.

OTHER ELECTIONS.

The entire anti-license ticket was elected at Mowqua by a large majority.

The license advocates at Mattoon scored a substantial victory yesterday, electing the mayor, city attorney and four out of five aldermen. The council now stands 8 to 2 for license.

The Republicans elected M. Sowell, mayor, and a majority of the alderman atunker Hill.

The anti-license party triumphed at assumption by a majority of 20.

There was a fierce fight at Sandwich, Ill., and no-license won.

At Kenney license won by 39 majority.

The license ticket at Odin was elected by 40 majority.

At Edgingham the Republicans achieved victory.

McLeansboro went anti-license.

A clean Republican sweep was scored at Paris, and the town went license by a majority of five.

Greenville went license 4 to 1.

At Mt. Vernon the women were granted the privilege of voting on the license question, and the vote was 470 against license, and 61 for license.

The no-license people, after a hot fight, won at Cobden. Last year the town went license 35 to 5 votes.

At Carmi the license party won.

After four years of license, yesterday Pittsfield elected an anti-license body by an average majority of 118.

At Taylorville the anti-license ticket was elected by one hundred majority.

New Restaurants.

I have opened a new restaurant at No. 118 south side of the city park, and am prepared to serve good meals at any hour of the day. Will give reduced rates to regular day boarders. Members of the different granges in the county, and the public generally are invited to give me a call.

LYDIA MAGAW.

April 20 dlm

Special Bargains.

Portmanteaus, Ladies Hand Satchels, Silk, Japanese, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Combs, Brushes, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Lace Trims, Hair and hair ornaments, Baskets, Men's Unlaundried Shirts, Socks and Neckwear.

CHAS. STROUP,
18-d&wtw Big 19 Merchant st.

The New Dentist.

Dr. J. W. Lane, late of Blue Mound, has taken possession of the dental parlors recently occupied by Dr. Hawkins, and will conduct the business there. Doctor Lane was formerly associated with Dr. Waltz in the dental business.

April 20-d&wtw

Whitewashing.

I am ready to bid orders for whitewashing. Shop under Roach & McKeyracker's store.

Wm. H. WRIGHT.

[illegible]

**DRY GOODS,
LIL CLOTHES, WINDOW CURTAINS, MATTINGS
WALL-PAPER, CARPETS, &C.**

